



Name: Feline Species (Kitty) Ref. by: Petzinia Vet. Clinic

Date: August 9th 2024 Owner: Y 3

Age: 12 Yrs Gender: Female

Complete Blood Picture

Complete Blood Flettale					
Parameter	Result		Reference range		
R.B.Cs.	5.45		5.0 – 10.0 million/c.mm		
Haemoglobin	8.6		9.8-15.4 g/dL		
Platelets	193 000		300.000 – 800.000 /c.mm		
Haematocrit	29		30 % - 45 %		
W.B.Cs. (TLC)	5 600		5500 – 19500 /c.mm		
Differential Leucocytes Count	Relative		Absolute		
Basophils	0	$\mathit{0}-\mathit{1}~\%$	0	02 g/l	
Eosinophils	10	2 - 10 %	<u>0.5</u>	0.02-0.49 g/l	
Staff.	2				
Segmented	58	45 -64 %	3.2	1.63-13.37 g/l	
Lymphocytes	<i>10</i>	27 – 36 %	<u>0.5</u>	0.83-9.1 g/l	
Monocytes	<i>20</i>	0 - 5%	1.1	0.09-1.21 g/l	
Blood Indices		* 3			
MCV	53.2		39 – 55 fl 13 – 17 ng		
<i>MCH</i>	15.7		13 – 17 pg		
MCHC	29.6		<i>30 – 36 g %</i>		

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Conclusion: Normocytic Hypochromic Anemia.

Thrombocytopenia.

Absolute Lymphocytopenia & Eosinophilia.

Supervised by Head of Cl. Pathology Unit

Tarek Mosallam , PhD
Veterinary Clinical Pathology Consultant
PhD in Veterinary Clinical Pathology
Cairo University

GM

14-18 %

Ahmed Samir, PhD
Professor of Veterinary Microbiology
Cairo University
Member of the American Society for Microbiology (ASM)



RDWc



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Blood Chemistry Profile						
Parameter	Result		Reference range			
GPT (ALT)	43		25–97 U/L			
GOT (AST)	38		7-38 U/L			
BUN	<i>93</i>	(H)	19-34 mg/dL			
Creatinine	5.2	(H)	0.9-2.2 mg/dL			

Supervised by Head of Cl. Pathology Unit

Dr. Tarek Mosallam , DVM Veterinary Clinical Pathology Consultant PhD in Veterinary Clinical Pathology Cairo University Director
Dr. Ahmed Samir, DVM
Professor of Veterinary Microbiology
Cairo University
Fellow of the ASRT, Ministry of Scientific Research, Egypt
Member of the American Society for Microbiology (ASM)





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Microbiology and Parasitology Report

Type of sample: EDTA Whole blood

Technique: Blood film stained with Geimsa

Result: Negative for blood parasites and intracellular bacteria.

Director
Dr. Ahmed Samir, DVM
Professor Of Veterinary Microbiology
Cairo University
Fellow of the ASRT, Ministry of Scientific Research, Egypt
Member of the American Society for Microbiology (ASM)





Interpretation

-Hypochromic Anaemia:

- -This anaemia is almost associated with iron deficiency anaemia.
- -Nutritional deficiency of iron can be the cause in very young animals, but chronic blood loss should be searched for in adult animals.

-Thrombocytopenia which may be caused by:

- a) Decreased production of platelets in bone marrow (The commonest cause is Bone marrow failure, Aplastic anemia, Leukemia, Marrow infiltration, Chemotherapy or Drug toxicity)
- b) Increased consumption of platelets in coagulation (Many conditions can initiate disseminated intravascular coagulation as viral, bacterial, protozoal, rickettsial infections, parasitic migration, heat stroke, tumors or trauma)
- c) Increased destruction of platelets by macrophages (Immune mediated thrombocytopenia)
- d) Increased sequestration of platelets.

-Lymphocytopenia may be caused by:

- a) Corticosteroids either exogenous or endogenous.
- b) Some viral diseases.
- c)Immuno-suppressive drugs which decrease lymphopoiesis.

-Eosinophilia which may be caused by:

- 1-Allergy.
- 2-Parasitism.
- 3-Neoplasia.
- 4-Adrenocortical insufficiency.

Pets Line Technical and Scientific Officer

Dr. Aisha Ali ,BVSc Cairo University Veterinary Laboratory Manager Supervised by Head of Cl. Pathology Unit

Dr. TarekMosallam , DVM Veterinary Clinical Pathology Consultant PhD in Veterinary Clinical Pathology Cairo University

